

## 3-2. 의학 DB 이용방법 > Clinicalkey

The screenshot displays the Sejong General Hospital Medical Library website. The header includes the library's name and navigation links for '이용안내' and 'Database'. The main content area features a large banner with the ClinicalKey logo and the tagline 'Lead with answers.'. Below the banner is a search bar containing the text 'cardiovascular disease'. A dropdown menu is open below the search bar, listing various content types: All Types, Books, Journals, Clinical Trials, Drug Monographs, Guidelines, Patient Education, First Consult, Multimedia, Procedures Consult, and Clinical Focus. A red arrow points from the 'CLINICAL KEY' tile in the database grid to the search dropdown menu. The database grid includes tiles for PubMed, ScienceDirect, CLINICAL KEY (highlighted with a red box), DynaMed, and UpToDate.

Sejong General Hospital Medical Library

이용안내 Database

English CME Login Register

ClinicalKey®  
Lead with answers.

All Types cardiovascular disease

Or Browse: Books Journals More

All Types  
Books  
Journals  
Clinical Trials  
Drug Monographs  
Guidelines  
Patient Education  
First Consult  
Multimedia  
Procedures Consult  
Clinical Focus

국내외 의학 문헌 검색 전자저널 참고경

우리병원 Pubmed SCI 등재저널 DynaMed

ScienceDirect CLINICAL KEY NEJM Up To Date

THE NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL of MEDICINE

## 3-2. 의학 DB 이용방법 > Clinicalkey

ClinicalKey® English CME Login Register

All Types  cardiovascular disease Books Journals More

Filter By:

Source Type

- Journal Articles 14
- Full Text Only
- Full text and MEDLINE
- Systematic Reviews 2
- Randomized Control Trials 1
- Narrative Reviews 5
- Images 5
- Books 3
- Clinical Trials 1

Specialties

Date

- Subscribed Content

Showing results for "cardiovascular disease"  
Search instead for cardiovascular disease

Sort by: Relevance

23 results

IMAGE

**Antiatherosclerotic and Anti-Insulin Resistance Effects of Adiponectin: Basic and Clinical Studies**

Fig 1: Ramipril and candesartan therapies significantly increased adiponectin levels to a greater extent than atenolol or thiazide therapy. Amlodipine therapy significantly increased adiponectin levels to a greater extent than atenolol therapy. Ramipril ... More

Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases.  
Han, Seung Hwan; Sakuma, Ichiro... Show all. Published September 1, 2009. Volume 52, Issue 2. Pages 126-140. © 2009.

IMAGE

**Antiatherosclerotic and Anti-Insulin Resistance Effects of Adiponectin: Basic and Clinical Studies**

Fig 2: Compared with placebo, fenofibrate significantly improved the percent flow-mediated dilator response to hyperemia (left) and increased plasma levels of adiponectin (right). Mean values are identified by open circles. Reproduced with permission fro... More

Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases.  
Han, Seung Hwan; Sakuma, Ichiro... Show all. Published September 1, 2009. Volume 52, Issue 2. Pages 126-140. © 2009.

IMAGE

**Antiatherosclerotic and Anti-Insulin Resistance Effects of Adiponectin: Basic and Clinical Studies**

Fig 4: When compared with placebo, efonidipine therapy significantly increased plasma adiponectin levels. Mean values are identified by open circles. Reproduced from Diabetes Care . 2007;30:1605. More

Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases.  
Han, Seung Hwan; Sakuma, Ichiro... Show all. Published September 1, 2009. Volume 52, Issue 2. Pages 126-140. © 2009.

FULL TEXT ARTICLE

**Antiatherosclerotic and Anti-Insulin Resistance Effects of Adiponectin: Basic and Clinical Studies**

Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases.  
Han, Seung Hwan; Sakuma, Ichiro... Show all. Published September 1, 2009. Volume 52, Issue 2. Pages 126-140. © 2009.

BOOK

**Penile Revascularization Surgery**

Erectile Dysfunction > Treatment of Erectile Dysfunction

Given the myriad causes of ED, penile revascularization (penile artery bypass surgery) currently serves as one of only two modalities with the potential to cure the ED patient without the future necessity of vasoactive medications or implant surge...

Rutherford's Vascular Surgery.  
Berookhim, Boback M.; Mulhall, John P.. Published January 1, 2014. © 2014.

BOOK

**Vasculogenic Erectile Dysfunction**

Erectile Dysfunction > Pathophysiology of Erectile Dysfunction

ED and cardiovascular disease share common risk factors, including hypertension, diabetes mellitus, hypercholesterolemia, obesity, and smoking, leading to the concept that ED is another manifestation of vascular disease. A large patient survey of ...

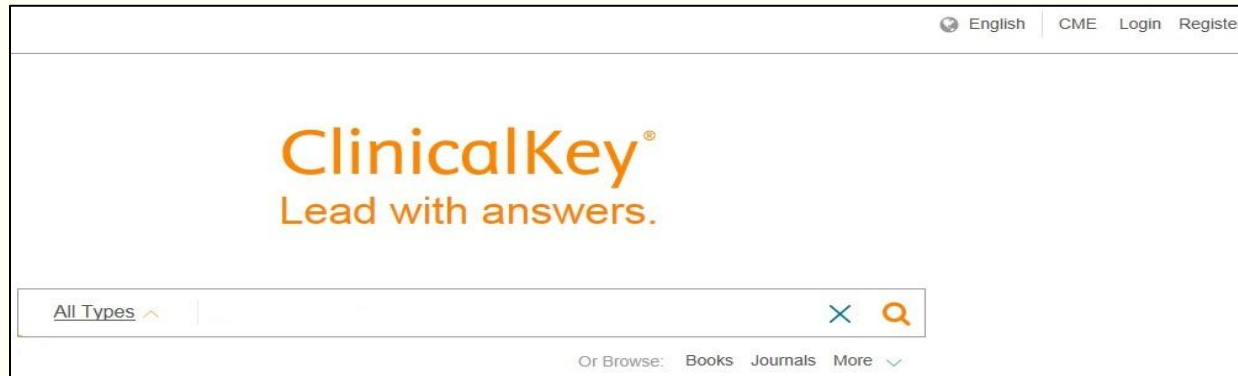
Rutherford's Vascular Surgery.  
Berookhim, Boback M.; Mulhall, John P.. Published January 1, 2014. © 2014.

※ 검색할 주제어를  
기입하여 검색하면,  
Image, Full text article,  
Book 등 콘텐츠별로  
나뉘어 출력됨.

## 3-2. 의학 DB 이용방법 > Clinicalkey

### ★ Clinicalkey 원외(모바일 포함) 접속 방법

#### 1) 첫 화면 우측 상단에 있는 Registration 클릭



#### 2) 모든 정보 입력 후 Register을 클릭

※ 등록 시 기재하는 이메일은 반드시 기관 메일

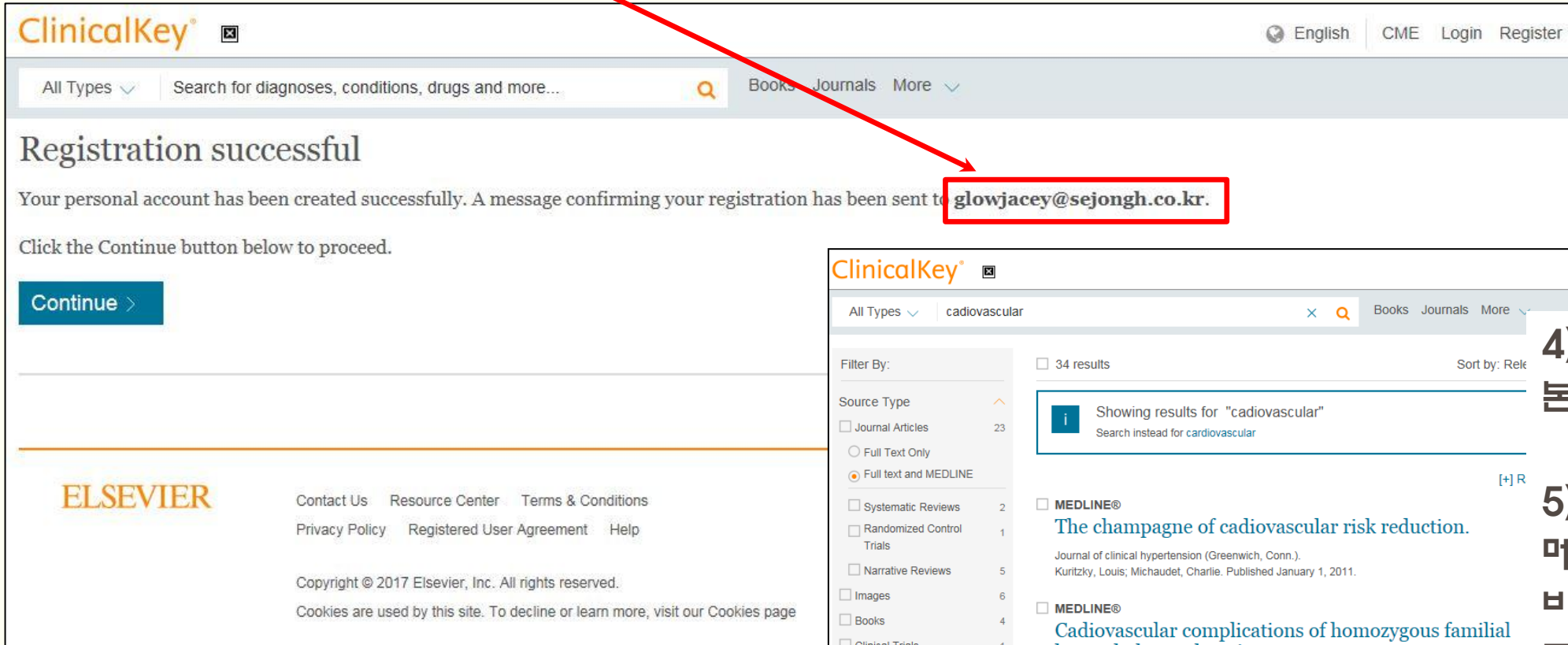
(OOO@sejongh.co.kr)을 쓸 것.

개인메일을 사용하여 등록하는 경우,

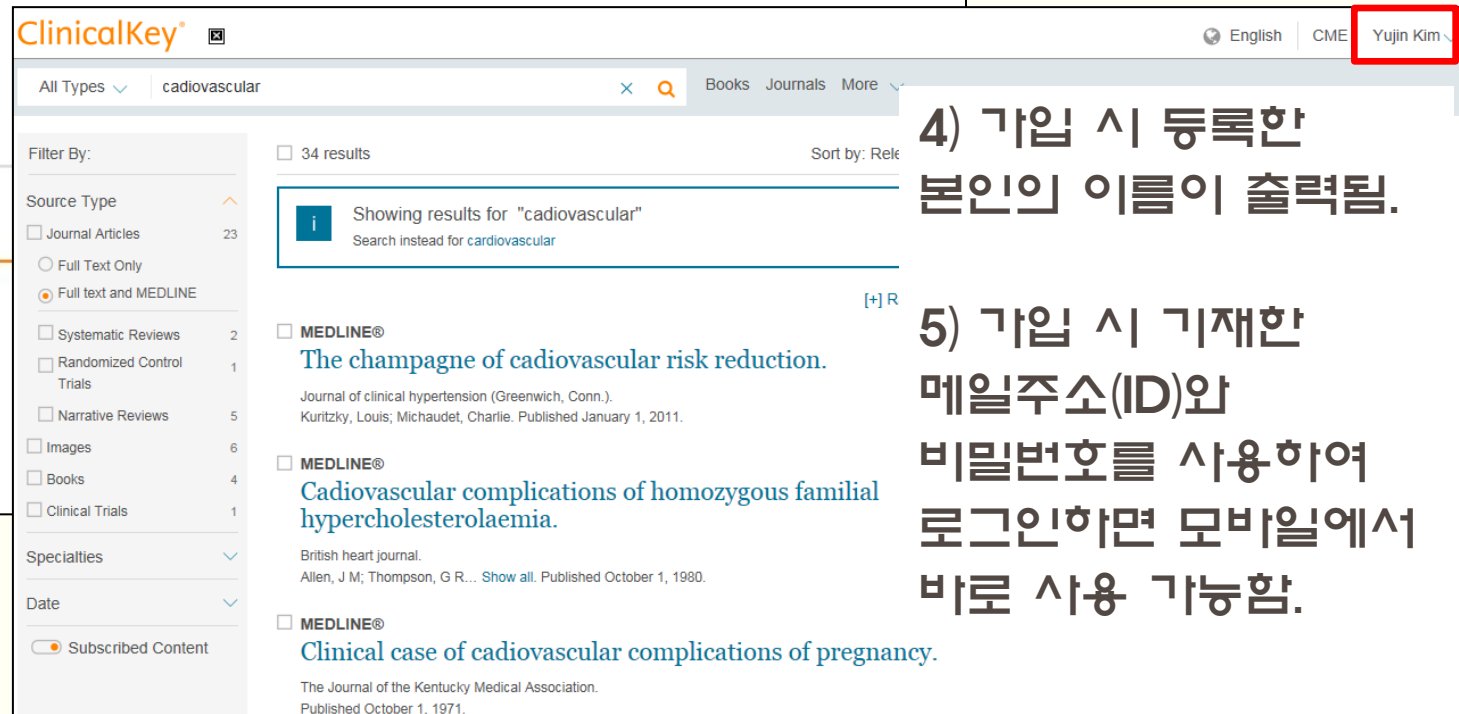
기관회원임을 인증할 수 없어 접속이 되지 않습니다.

## 3-2. 의학 DB 이용방법 > Clinicalkey

3) 가입 시 등록된 메일주소를 확인하고, “Continue” 를 클릭하면, 바로 사용 가능함.



The screenshot shows the ClinicalKey registration success page. The header includes the ClinicalKey logo, a search bar with the text "Search for diagnoses, conditions, drugs and more...", and navigation links for "Books", "Journals", and "More". The main content area displays "Registration successful" and a message: "Your personal account has been created successfully. A message confirming your registration has been sent to glowjacey@sejongh.co.kr." A red box highlights the email address. Below the message is a "Continue >" button. The footer features the Elsevier logo and various links like "Contact Us", "Resource Center", "Terms & Conditions", "Privacy Policy", "Registered User Agreement", and "Help".



The screenshot shows the ClinicalKey search results page for the query "cardiovascular". The header includes the ClinicalKey logo, a search bar with the text "cardiovascular", and navigation links for "Books", "Journals", and "More". The main content area displays "Showing results for 'cardiovascular'" and a list of search results. A red box highlights the user's name "Yujin Kim" in the top right corner. The search results include:

- MEDLINE®** The champagne of cardiovascular risk reduction. Journal of clinical hypertension (Greenwich, Conn.). Kuritzky, Louis; Michaudet, Charlie. Published January 1, 2011.
- MEDLINE®** Cardiovascular complications of homozygous familial hypercholesterolaemia. British heart journal. Allen, J M; Thompson, G R... Show all. Published October 1, 1980.
- MEDLINE®** Clinical case of cardiovascular complications of pregnancy. The Journal of the Kentucky Medical Association. Published October 1, 1971.

4) 가입 시 등록된 본인의 이름이 출력됨.

5) 가입 시 기재한 메일주소(ID)와 비밀번호를 사용하여 로그인하면 모바일에서 바로 사용 가능함.

## 3-2. 의학 DB 이용방법 > Clinicalkey

### ※ 액세스 유지 방법

- ✓ 접속을 유지하기 위해서는 180일에 한번씩 재인증이 필요함.
- ✓ 재인증 방법: 1) 로그인 정보 입력 창에서 “Remote access” 클릭  
2) 가입 시 등록한 기관 메일 주소 입력 후 “Continue” 클릭  
3) 안내메일 수신 후, “Activate your remote access” 클릭

The image displays two screenshots from the ClinicalKey website. The left screenshot shows the main login page with a 'Log in' section containing fields for 'Username' and 'Password', and a 'Log in >' button. A red box highlights the 'Remote access' link in the footer, with an arrow pointing to the right screenshot. The right screenshot shows the 'Apply for remote access' page. It includes a text box for 'Email address' with 'rena@sejongh.co.kr' entered, and a 'Continue >' button. A red box highlights the 'Activate your remote access' link in the email confirmation message below, with an arrow pointing to the right. The email message includes a 'Dear Customer,' greeting, a thank you for choosing remote access, and a confirmation link. The footer of the email contains navigation buttons: '삭제', '완전삭제', '이동', '목록', '이전', '다음'.